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# THE FAIR

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Chicago—Established 1875 by E. J. Lehmann

## COMMITTEEMEN WILL NAME TWENTY- ONE JUDGES

The voters of the Republican and Democratic parties will choose ward committeemen for the ensuing two years at the primary April 13.

One of the duties of the men to be chosen at that time will be the nominating of twenty candidates for judges of the Circuit Court and one candidate for judge of the Superior Court.

The list of Republican candidates is as follows:

First Ward—Francis P. Brady, W. W. Scott.

Second—Edward H. Wright, Warren B. Douglas.

Third—Robert R. Levy, William A. Bither, C. Arch Williams.

Fourth—Arthur W. Sullivan, Bart J. Evans, Thomas J. Flumace.

Fifth—Henry L. Langosch, Lawrence P. King.

Sixth—Roy O. West, Robert J. McLaughlin, Willis O. Nance.

Seventh—Charles N. Goodnow, A. C. Metzger, G. W. Porter.

Eighth—P. H. Moynihan, Harry Harmon.

Ninth—Walter G. Davis, A. Zylstra, E. E. Ertman.

Tenth—Thomas Curran, George J. Zrust.

Eleventh—Charles V. Barrett, Lorenz Meisterhelm.

Twelfth—August W. Miller, W. G. Bock, A. W. Kaifas.

Thirteenth—David W. Clark.

Fourteenth—William H. Dellenback, A. N. Todd.

Fifteenth—Paul H. Wiedel, James J. McComb.

Sixteenth—Joseph P. Kinsella, Daniel D. Coffey.

Seventeenth—Lewis D. Sitts, Fred E. Erickson.

Eighteenth—James A. Fleming, Homer K. Galpin, C. F. Meinhart.

Nineteenth—Christopher Mamer, G. C. Esposito.

Twentieth—Morris Eller.

Twenty-first—James F. Burns, Charles E. Peace, E. R. Litzinger, J. F. Peters.

Twenty-second—Alfred J. Schroeter, Titus Haff, C. G. Kempff, Edward J. Halvka.

Twenty-third—Edward J. Brundage, Eugene H. Dupee.

Twenty-fourth—Leonard A. Brundage, Arthur A. Huhnke.

Twenty-fifth—Charles R. Francis, Charles W. Peters, George K. Schmidt.

Twenty-sixth—John C. Cannon, William H. Wesbey, E. J. Heine.

Twenty-seventh—Thomas T. Quinlan, Leroy Milner, W. C. Eggers.

Twenty-eighth—Joseph F. Haas, Thomas F. Byrne.

Twenty-ninth—Ernest Withall, Leonard G. Reid.

Thirtieth—Thomas J. Healy, James W. Breen.

Thirty-first—William H. Reid.

Thirty-second—Julius A. Johnson, James Bea.

Thirty-third—George Hitzman, John F. Devine.

Thirty-fourth—Charles Vavrik, S. P. Roderick, Frank Simpson, Henry Schmidt, J. W. Schulman, P. W. Rothenberg.

Thirty-fifth—C. J. Peters, Arthur A. Whitney, Beryl B. Collins.

The democratic candidates for ward committeemen are:

First Ward—Michael Kenna.

Second—William J. Graham.

Third—Thomas D. Nash.

Fourth—John F. Bolton, Walter J. Nowak.

Fifth—Patrick J. Carr, Albert Binger, Fred Dahl, Rudolph Blavka, Samuel Burt, Nicholas Thul.

Sixth—John P. Gibbons, A. F. Coleman.

Seventh—James M. Whalen, Charles Bennett, Charles Brust, Joseph Lamb.

Eighth—John M. Mack.

Ninth—John J. Leonard.

Tenth—Joseph A. Mendel, Anton Stonck.

Eleventh—A. J. Sabath.

Twelfth—Anton J. Cermak, Otto Kerner.

Thirteenth—Martin J. O'Brien.

Fourteenth—Patrick A. Nash.

Fifteenth—Thomas P. Keane.

Sixteenth—Stanley H. Kunz, Frank W. Nowak.

Seventeenth—Joseph Rusiewicz, Peter Mangela.

Eighteenth—Bernard J. Grogan, Clarence Potter, J. P. Pompel, Charles Johnson, George Lyons, Robert Farmer.

Nineteenth—John Powers, Jeremiah Carmody.

Twentieth—Dennis J. Egan.

Twenty-first—John F. O'Malley.

Twenty-second—Rudolph L. Schapp.

Twenty-third—Joseph L. Gill.

Twenty-fourth—Frank F. Roeder.

Twenty-fifth—Harry R. Gibbons.

Twenty-sixth—Henry A. Zender.

Twenty-seventh—Neil Murley.

Twenty-eighth—Clayton F. Smith.

Twenty-ninth—Emmett Whealan.

Thirtieth—Joseph M. Fitzgerald.

Thirty-first—Michael K. Sheridan.

Thirty-second—Frank J. Walsh, Ed. Sheehy, J. J. Sullivan, W. T. McMahon, Thomas J. O'Neill, J. J. Callahan, J. J. Cummings, J. Kennedy, James Hefernan.

Thirty-third—Timothy J. Clowe.

Thirty-fourth—Joseph O. Kostner.

Thirty-fifth—William P. Feeney, James T. Igoe.

### EAGLETS.

E. A. Wangersheim, President of the General Lighting Fixture Co., with offices at 28 West Lake street, is one of the most popular business men in Chicago. He is a booster and is always interested in every movement to better the city.

Clarence S. Piggott stands high at the bar and is respected by the people. He will be a judge some day and in the near future at that.

Dixon C. Williams, the well known manufacturer, deserves well at the hands of the Democratic party. He is a born leader.

William H. Wesbey, the city collector, is one of the most popular of Mayor Thompson's cabinet. He gives satisfaction to the public and is the right man in the right place.

William H. Wesbey is making a good record as city collector. The thousands of people who do business with his office all praise the up-to-date methods introduced by him and which add to the popularity of Mayor Thompson's administration.

Charles Krutchoff is one of the most popular members of the Board of Assessors. He always looks after the people's interests.

Twenty-third Ward—Walter P. Steffen. Finishing third year in council with excellent record, a man of great industry and energy. Ald. Steffen is one of the strongest factors for aggressive honesty in the council and his influence has been wholly for good.

Francis J. Houlihan, able and popular attorney, with offices in the Continental & Commercial Bank building, is often mentioned for judge.

William G. Keith, commissioner of the Bureau of Gas and Electricity, is a popular and painstaking public official and the good record he is making is pleasing the citizens of Chicago. He is a practical electrician and the people are all with him in his successful efforts to improve the efficiency of the important department he is at the head of.

Mayor Thompson should be given a chance to fire a lot of deadwood among the city hall clerks. Some of them thinking themselves safe under the civil service law, are impudent, insubordinate and useless.

Edward W. Everett, the well known Chicago lawyer, is frequently mentioned for judicial honors, although he has never indicated any desire to seek a position on the bench. He is very popular with all who know him and his connections, professional and otherwise, are all of that high class which instills respect and confidence.

Alderman Walter P. Steffen of the Twenty-third ward, is making a good record in the City Council. He is one of the coming men of Chicago and the people are pleased with him.

William H. Wesbey, the popular city collector, is strongly urged by Republican leaders for ward committeeman in the Twenty-sixth ward.

William R. Fetzner, the popular Seventh Ward alderman, is in line for higher honors.



WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON,  
Popular Mayor Fighting for 5-Cent Fare.

George W. Paulin, the well known furrier and Drainage Board Trustee, is being talked of for delegate to the National Republican convention from the Tenth District.

Circuit Court Clerk August W. Miller was unanimously endorsed for Republican ward committeeman from the Twelfth ward by the regular ward organization. It is probable that he will be unopposed.

Chicago needs a new postoffice building and needs it badly right away.

The new building should be located in the center of the great West Side where car lines are direct routes to north and south, east and west districts of the city.

A. J. Kowalski, cashier of the big North-Western Trust and Savings bank is frequently mentioned for state treasurer of Illinois. He is very popular and would be elected if he permitted the use of his name. Mr. Kowalski is a Democrat and a leading member of the Iroquois club.

U. S. Marshal John J. Bradley is the right man in the right place.

The Mechanics & Traders State Bank is making a splendid record and is gaining new customers and depositors every day. It has an ideal location in the heart of the great west side at the corner of Washington and Desplaines street.

Albert J. Hopkins, the popular former United States Senator, is looked upon by thousands of Illinois Republicans as the logical man to nominate for Governor.

James Agar of the well known John Agar Packing Company would make a splendid state treasurer of Illinois. He is a business man of high character and a political leader of force and ability.

District Attorney Clyne is making a good record.

Emmett Whealan is making a splendid record as a member of the County Board of Commissioners. He is a veteran Chicago printer who stands high with everybody in the trade and as a public official is winning friends everywhere.

The leading members of every society and club in Chicago read The Eagle.

S. P. Messinger has done much for Chicago in furnishing the people with a fine lot of first-class restaurants.

Clean out the barnacles, Mayor Thompson, and breathe easier in the City Hall.

H. H. Merrick is one of the leaders in the civic life of Chicago. As president of the Association of Commerce he has done great work for the city, its present and future. Mr. Merrick is president of the Great Lakes Trust Company, Chicago's new big bank, which started in with a capital of \$3,000,000, and a surplus of \$600,000. All of the stock was oversubscribed for.

The Municipal Voters' League in its review of the city council this year says:

John T. Murray, the well known and popular lawyer, would make a good judge.

John Powers has always served the people well as alderman from the Nineteenth ward.

Harry M. Grut, cashier of the Mercantile Trust & Savings Bank, at Jackson boulevard and Clinton streets, is one of the rising young men of Chicago. Before accepting his present responsible position, Mr. Grut was connected with the Continental & Commercial National Bank. He is respected by the business community and by all with whom he has come in contact.

## CHICAGO'S CONSTITUTIONAL DELEGATES

FIRST DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Walter H. Wilson, 2619 Prairie avenue.

Democrat.

Levy Mayer, Blackstone hotel.

SECOND DISTRICT.  
Republican.

John J. Gorman, 1633 Jackson boulevard.

Democrat.

Michael F. Sullivan, 1611 W. Jackson boulevard.

THIRD DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Edward H. Morris, 8757 Vernon avenue.

Archibald J. Carey, 3428 Vernon avenue.

FOURTH DISTRICT.  
Democrat.

John E. Traeger, 921 W. 54th place.

George P. Latchford, 4532 Emerald avenue.

FIFTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Morton D. Hull, 4555 Woodlawn avenue.

Abel Davis, 5125 Ellis avenue.

SIXTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

George A. Dupuy, 4526 N. Paulina street.

Rufus C. Dawes, 1800 Sheridan road, Evanston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Frederic R. DeYoung, 60 E. 155th street, Harvey.

Amos C. Miller, 241 Melrose avenue, Kenilworth.

NINTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

David E. Shanahan, 3315 S. Western boulevard.

Democrat.

Charles J. Michal, 2410 S. Kedzie avenue.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

William H. Cruden, 10204 Wallace street.

Percival G. Baldwin, 2017 W. 70th street.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Douglas Sutherland, 6558 Minerva avenue.

Oscar Wolf, 10611 Avenue H.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Ernst Kune, 2025 S. Halsted street.

Democrat.

S. E. Pincus, 836 W. 14th street.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.  
Democrat.

Thomas F. Frole, 1140 W. Taylor street.

Michael Iaruss, 761 W. Taylor street.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.  
Democrat.

Martin J. O'Brien, 3845 Flournoy street.

Michel Rosenberg, 1250 Independence boulevard.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.  
Republican.

George F. Lohman, 566 N. Long avenue.

Charles S. Cutting, 307 N. Waller avenue.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.  
Republican.

William Ganschow, 2156 Pierce avenue.

Charles Woodward, 225 S. Scoville avenue, Oak Park.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Willard M. McEwen, 3633 N. Springfield avenue.

M. A. Michaelson, 3018 Palmer square.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.  
Democrat.

Ernst D. Potts, 21 N. Ashland boulevard.

Edward J. Corcoran, 323 S. Peoria street.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Alexander H. Revell, 842 N. Michigan avenue.

Charles H. Hamill, 199 Lake Shore drive.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.  
Republican.

Eugene H. Dupee, 534 Aldine avenue.

William H. Beckman, 2468 Orchard street.

## CON-CON TO HEAR NON-STRIKE PLAN

Committee to Tackle Industrial Court Proposition.

### SEVERAL IDEAS ARE OFFERED

Chairman Sneed Anxious to Probe Suggestions; Governor Allen of Kansas Invited to Speak on Operation of Law.

Springfield.—The problem of creating an industrial court for Illinois to take care of disputes between capital and labor and prevent strikes and lockouts will be tackled this week by the industrial affairs committee of the constitutional convention.

Several proposals on the subject have been submitted and Chairman William J. Sneed is anxious to get his committee busy on them. Kansas is the only state that has established an industrial court, and he has asked Governor Allen to address the committee on the results of the experiment in the Sunflower state.

Mr. Sneed, who comes from Herrin and is district president of a mine union, says the Illinois coal miners are opposed to the establishment in this state of a court such as Kansas has, but would not object to one that did not abridge what they feel to be their fundamental rights.

The proposals submitted to the convention vary widely. Some would simply authorize the legislature to give the state an industrial court, while others go into detail as to how the court is to be made up and is to function.

A plan submitted by Lee Mighell of Aurora is modeled to some extent after the Kansas idea and is expected to receive a good deal of attention.

"The general assembly shall create an industrial court," it reads, "which shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide all controversies involving the rights of employers, employees or the public in relation to production, transportation, distribution or sale of the necessities of life, or in relation to the service rendered by public utilities."

"This court shall have authority, when it deems it in the interest of justice, to temporarily take over and operate any necessary industry or public utility, and shall at its discretion prohibit strikes of public employees or any strikes that interrupt a necessary public service or deprives the public of fuel, food, or other necessary commodity."

This court would be made up of nine judges. Their salaries and the date of their election would be left to the legislature. Terms of office would be for 12 years. The conclusions of the courts as to the facts of any case brought before it would be final. The supreme court might review its cases to determine whether the industrial court had exceeded its authority.

"The right of all the people to the continuous and uninterrupted supply of food, fuel and transportation is a primary right," is the opening section of a proposal by George A. Dupuy of Chicago.

"Such right shall not at any time be obstructed or interfered with by the concerted action of any two or more persons."

The right of all the people to the continued and uninterrupted operation of all agencies of government is likewise a primary and absolute right; no person in the service of the state or of any municipality, or other subdivision, or agency of the state, shall engage in any strike or concerted cessation of such service."

Mr. Dupuy would require the legislature to create the tribunal necessary to carry out the provisions of his proposition.

With a view of ironing out the differences between Chicago and the downstate on home rule of utilities, Delegate Oscar Carlstrom of Alton will offer a new proposal to the committee on municipalities of the constitutional convention this week. The proposal will be given consideration by the committee before April 1, which will be held day for home rules in the convention.

The proposal which is to be offered by Mr. Carlstrom will provide for home rule for all municipalities, which will be broad enough, in the judgment of its author, to satisfy Chicago. It will contain a self-operative charter provision, granting to each municipality the right of charter convention to assume the privilege of home rule and preventing the legislature from interfering with that right in any manner. It gives the general assembly supervision of revenue matters, with limited powers of taxation to cities.

For Uniform Taxation.

Delegate Mack has introduced a revenue act which requires that the general assembly shall provide for the taxation of all tangible property, real and personal, by levying a tax by valuation, so that every person and corporation shall be taxed uniformly in proportion to the value of his, her or its tangible property and that such value shall be ascertained by some person or persons to be elected in such manner as the general assembly may direct. The proposition has been referred to a committee for consideration.

Chief Mooney of the city detective bureau, is one of the ablest police officials in the United States.

Charles Molitor, a recognized leader in the machinery trade, is one of Chicago's leading and most reliable business men. His name is honored wherever he is known.

Colonel August W. Miller, popular clerk of the Circuit Court is making a splendid public record.



EUGENE R. PIKE,  
Popular Former City Comptroller and Republican Leader.

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### VOTE FOR

James J. McComb

3327 Potomac Avenue

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